PLACE AND SUSTAINABILITY OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL: 7 MARCH 2024

CALL IN REQUEST - HAMPSHIRE MINERALS AND WASTE PLAN (PARTIAL UPDATE) CONSULTATION RESPONSE

1. RECOMMENDATION

1.1. That the Panel considers the call-in submission by Cllrs Malcolm Wade, Jack Davies, David Millar, Janet Richards, Phil Woods, Stephanie Osborne and John Haywood.

1.2. The Panel shall either:

- A) Accept the decision (in which case it may be implemented immediately); or
- **B)** Request the decision-maker reconsider the decision, giving reasons for the request. The decision-maker shall reconsider the decision as soon as reasonably practicable. After reconsideration the decision, whether amended or not, may be implemented immediately, and may not be called in for a second time under the procedures in Chapter 4/8 of the Council's Constitution; or
- **C)** Where the decision is of particular high local significance or public interest, refer the decision to full Council for debate at a Council meeting to be held within ten working days of the Panel meeting. If necessary to meet this timescale, a special Council meeting shall be held. The Monitoring Officer shall be responsible for arranging this. The decision maker shall reconsider the decision as soon as reasonably practicable after the Council meeting, in the light of the Council debate.

2. INTRODUCTION

- 2.1. Hampshire County Council (HCC) is working to produce a partial update to the Hampshire Minerals and Waste Plan (HMWP) which will guide minerals and waste decision making in the Plan Area up until 2040. The HMWP forms part of the Development Plan for New Forest District. The partial update to the Plan aims to build on the currently adopted Hampshire Minerals and Waste Plan (2013), eventually providing new and updated policies based on up-to-date evidence of the current levels of provision for minerals and waste facilities in the Plan Area. New Forest District Council is a consultee in the process, and intends to submit representations on the Regulation 19 Proposed Submission Plan which is currently out for public consultation.
- 2.2. To help inform the Council's response, and enable District Council Members to have a full understanding of the changes that had been made since the Regulation 18 version of the Plan, an in-person briefing was provided by HCC officers on 11 January 2024. Full details of the public consultation are provided on HCC's website¹.
- 2.3. In preparing a decision report for the Cabinet Member's consideration, officers consulted with the directly affect ward Councillors on 9 February 2024 to seek their

¹ https://www.hants.gov.uk/landplanningandenvironment/strategic-planning/hampshire-minerals-waste-plan/minerals-waste-plan-partial-update-consultation/hmwp-partial-update

views on a draft response. Responses were received from Cllr Christine Ward and Cllr Keith Craze in relation to the Ashley Manor Farm site. Concerns were raised in relation to sensitivity of the landscape, lack of screening, dust emissions, impacts on biodiversity, proximity to the cemetery, and adverse traffic movements. Cllr Alvin Reid also responded to express support for the removal of Yeatton Farm from the HMWP. Based on the responses received no further changes were identified as being required to the report.

- 2.4. Subsequently on 22nd February 2024 the Portfolio Holder for Planning and Economy, Cllr Derek Tipp, made a decision on New Forest District Council's response to HCCs HMWP². The response identified that the Plan has been updated to address a number of this Council's concerns previously expressed on the policies and proposed allocations (including the development considerations for each site set out in Appendix A of the HMWP) in relation to New Forest District. There are however a few matters of uncertainty/lack of clarity where wording changes to the Plan are to be sought.
- 2.5. Following this Portfolio Holder decision, Cllr Malcolm Wade gave formal notice to callin the decision. He stated the following as the reason for the call in: "This decision does not fully address the range of environmental issues the Midgham site will have on the local area if it is accepted for mineral extraction and the response has watered down the objections. This site requires further and greater inspection and discussion to produce a more focused response on the issues highlighting the objections to this proposal".
- 2.6. Additionally, Cllr Jack Davies also gave formal notice to call-in the decision. He stated the following as reason for the call-in: "The particular response provided by Cllr Tipp to the proposal for Midgham Farm is inadequate and waters down the previous objections made by New Forest District Council".
- 2.7. Also giving formal notice to call-in the decision was Cllr David Millar who wrote: "Having read the decision I find that it does not completely address all the issues raised in NFDC's initial response and there does not seem to have been sufficient scrutiny of the environmental impact relating to changes that are proposed to address access issues. There also seems to be an error of fact in the document, that the site at Midgham farm is an extension of an existing site, which is just not true. I think the council would benefit from more detailed consideration of this important topic which could have significant impact on our landscape".
- 2.8. Cllr Janet Richards gave formal notice to call-in the decision with the following: "The proposed response does not fully address all of the impacts of the Midgham Farm site on the environment and local residents".
- 2.9. Also giving formal notice to call-in the decision was Cllr Phil Woods who wrote: "Having read the decision, I think it does not cover the issues previously raised by NFDC at the earlier consultation. Furthermore, it seems to make light of the environmental impact on the local area, road network and Fordingbridge's neighbouring town Alderholt. There also seems to be an error of fact in the document, that the site at Midgham farm is an extension of an existing site, which is not true. I think the council would benefit

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² https://democracy.newforest.gov.uk/ieDecisionDetails.aspx?id=1159&LLL=0

from a more detailed consideration of this important topic which could have significant impact on Fordingbridge and its surrounds".

- 2.10. Cllr Stephanie Osborne also gave formal notice to call-in the decision. Her reasons focused on Midgham Farm and were as follows: "There does not seem to have been sufficient scrutiny of the environmental impact relating to changes that are proposed to address access issues. This site requires further and greater inspection and discussion. It will have lifelong changes on this area and little of benefit to the residents".
- 2.11. Finally, Cllr John Haywood gave formal notice to call-in the decision. His reasons for call-in were: "The Midgham Farm site is situated in the Fordingbridge, Godshill and Hyde ward but it directly borders Ringwood North and Ellingham (RN&E). Road access suitable for heavy goods vehicles also mostly passes through RN&E. While from an operational standpoint for the companies extracting the aggregates this might be seen as a continuation of a single operation, for local residents and in terms of overall impact it most definitely represents a new site. This decision does not appear to fully consider the environmental and landscape impact, the impact on local residents and the impact on users of local roads. I therefore request that it is reconsidered".
- 2.12. In accordance with Council procedures, as seven call-in notices have been received, the decision will be discussed at this meeting of the Place and Sustainability Overview and Scrutiny Panel.
- 2.13. As the decision is being reviewed by the Panel, the relevant Cabinet Portfolio Holder has been invited to attend. The Panel may also wish to call upon the appropriate officers to provide further information to the Panel in connection with the decision.
- 2.14. The panel will either accept the decision, request the decision-maker to reconsider the decision giving reasons for the request or alternatively refer the decision to Full Council for a debate if it is considered that there is a particularly high local significance or public interest.

3. BACKGROUND

3.1 The full details of the reasons as to why the Portfolio Holder for Planning and Economy made the decision can be found in the report to the Portfolio Holder at **Appendix 1**.

4. NFDC PROPOSED RESPONSE TO HMWP

- 4.1 All of the call-in notices specifically make reference to the Midgham Farm proposed minerals site, in particular that insufficient scrutiny has been given to environmental issues and impacts on local residents relating to this site. Wider concerns about how the HMWP addresses vehicular access is also evident, and several of the requests to call-in also cite that the response departs/deviates from the objections submitted by NFDC to HCC at the previous Regulation 18 stage.
- 4.2 The Regulation 19 HMWP was published alongside several updated background papers. Those papers have updated the evidence base and provide refreshed

projections for the supply and demand of aggregates. The updated HMWP deleted a number of sites from the draft strategy. In addition, the HMWP update inserted a significant number of new development considerations for each proposed mineral site which respond to concerns raised at Regulation 18 stage. Table 1 below sets out how NFDCs previous comments have been addressed or remain outstanding in the updated plan.

Table 1

HMWP issue	Regulation 18 response (January 2023) – Summary of representations	Summary of if/why NFDC position has changed since Regulation 18 representations
Mineral policies:	NFDC questioned the basis for the aggregate requirement. Deemed by NFDC to be significantly above the projected shortfall, and NFDC believed that this represented an excessive potential allocation of sites.	The October 2023 Minerals: Background Study now concludes that rather than a excess in provision (Regulation 18 stage) the latest projections indicate that the site allocations as proposed in the Regulation 19 plan will provide the required supply.
	Economic forecasts set out in the evidence base were based on 2020 reports, including Local Aggregate Assessments, and predicted growth in construction output in 2021 and 2022 (which did not materialise due to Covid19).	Evidence base updated with 2023 Local Aggregate Assessment. This uses more recent construction industry and general economic forecasts.
Waste policies:	NFDC gave general comment that HMWP reflects the latest levels of waste arising and plans positively to ensure forecasts for future waste capacity are maintained.	No further comments were required in NFDC Regulation 19 response.
	Advocated strong controls on the location of anaerobic digesters in relation to water courses.	No change – reiterated in Regulation 19 proposed response.
Other policies:	NFDC was disappointed to see deletion of the previous HMWP Policy 14 (Community Benefits).	On balance officers consider that there is sufficient provision in the Regulation 19 version of the plan which enables community improvements to be secured (e.g. Policy 10: Restoration of minerals and waste development).
	NFDC suggested stronger controls on the location of anaerobic digesters near to water courses.	No change – reiterated in Regulation 19 proposed response. NFDC suggests that the HMWP could benefit from a stronger policy approach with regard to this issue, given the potential for spillages into sensitive water courses and the significant adverse effects this can have on ecological systems.
Ashley Manor Farm, New	NFDC had <u>concerns</u> about this site. Raised detrimental	The Regulation 19 version of the Plan has made changes to a number of

Milton (Policy 20) Midgham Farm,

impacts on landscape, disturbance of cemetery visitors, and impacts on local residents. Other potential impact noted relating to the proposed Green Loop in the Neighbourhood Plan.

'development consideration' for this site (from 8 criteria previously to 19 now) including:

- New planting around the site;
- Ecological and hydrological assessment of all watercourses, ditches and aquatic
- Dust, noise and lighting management plan and monitoring is required.
- Routeing Agreement will require HGV traffic to be limited to Caird Avenue between the roundabout and the New Milton Sand and Ballast plant.
- Protection of footpaths and connectivity to wider network.
- Flood Risk Assessment required. Site must be designed and constructed to remain operational and safe for users in times of flood, result in no net loss of floodplain storage, not impede waterflows and not increase flood risk elsewhere.

However, there remain some specific concerns about this site allocation which the NFDC response seeks to address. This is in relation to the adverse impacts regarding landscape impacts and noise effects. Suggestions are made on possible mitigation.

Midgham/ Harbridge (Policy 20)

NFDC submitted a holding objection. Close proximity to a residential area (Alderholt) and potential impacts. Landscape impacts identified with a call to more detail on screening and long term mitigation. Adverse effects also identified in relation to the supporting habitat to nearby SPAs.

Acknowledged that this is remote location but that cumulative impacts with two other proposed mineral sites at Cobley Wood and Hamer Warren are of concern regarding in combination effects from vehicular movement.

The Regulation 19 version of the Plan has deleted the previously proposed allocations at Cobley Wood and Hamer Warren. The removal of these two sites reduces the incombination highway impacts which were of previous concern. The Regulation 19 version of the Plan introduces a number of new development considerations (from 12 criteria previously to 23 now) including:

- Landscape buffers to the north-west corner and western edge;
- An additional requirement for buffers with adjacent residential properties;
- Offsite roosting, foraging and breeding areas of the qualifying bird species of nearby SPAs/Ramsars will have to be appraised;
- An enhanced ecological network as part of the restoration scheme.
- Routeing to the Strategic Road Network (SRN) - (A31) will be south along Hillbury Road/Harbridge Drove before joining briefly the B3081 to its junction with the A31.

The clarification provided in the Regulation 19 version of the Plan is considered to have

addressed the concerns that this Council previously raised on the proposed site allocation. The Regulation 19 version of the Plan Purple Haze, NFDC had concerns about this Verwood site. Ecological interest at the introduces a number of new development (Policies 20 & site is deemed significant but considerations (from 14 criteria previously also significant scope for 32) to 23 now) including: restoration and enhancement. Potential adverse impact on A Hydrological/hydrogeological the recreational use and assessment is required to consider enjoyment of the wider Moors whether proposed works will affect Valley woodlands. Presence of nearby sites, Ramsars and Ebblake Ebblake Bog SSSI adjacent to Bog + Moors River SSSIs; the site is a potentially Protection of the New Forest significant constraint given the SAC/SPA/Ramsar in relation to hydrological levels. recreational displacement; Restoration must include habitats to expand those within the designated sites and relate to the wider landscape and enhance ecological networks. Routeing to the SRN (A31) will be along B3081, which is a suitable route for HGV traffic. A new priority junction will be required to the B3801 to ensure provision for people walking, cycling and horse-riding and the impact on peak flows is managed. The clarification provided in the Regulation 19 version of the Plan is considered to have addressed the concerns that this Council previously raised on the proposed site allocation.

FURTHER COMMENT

- 4.3 Some Members have queried the phrase used in paragraph 4.13 of the Portfolio Holder Report which reads "the site could be viewed as an extension to the existing extraction site". This reference was included to illustrate the proximity of the proposed site to the existing Hamer Warren site (which at its closest point is immediately to the south-west of the Midgham Farm site on the other side of Harbridge Drove). Officers consider this reference to be appropriate. A map showing the location of the site is attached at **Appendix 2**.
- 4.4 More generally, it is recognised that minerals planning is a complex exercise with difficult decisions to be made. Options about which sites to extract are very limited due to the nature of where minerals lie and the achievability of extracting them in a sensitive way which does not cause unacceptable harm.
- 4.5 Minerals extraction has taken place in the New Forest area for a considerable period of time and many sites that are typically less constrained have already had their minerals extracted. In this context, officers do understand the concerns that some Members have raised.
- 4.6 However, the Regulation 19 version of the Plan has addressed the 'in-principle' concerns that this Council has previously expressed. It provides an appropriate framework within which the more detailed judgements on how sites should be

extracted should take place.

5. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

5.1 None arising from this report.

6. CRIME & DISORDER, ENVIRONMENTAL AND EQUALITY & DIVERSITY IMPLICATIONS

6.1 Potentially significant impacts on nationally and internationally protected species and habitats. Localised landscape impacts would need to be addressed. Impacts on biodiversity will also require mitigation, compensation measures, and restoration (together with the requirement for measures that result in a Biodiversity Net Gain). Further assessment will be required to establish whether all impacts can be adequately mitigated.

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Background Papers

Appendix 1 –
2024 NFDC Response to
Regulation 19 HMWP
consultation (including related
Appendices)

Appendix 2 – HCC map of Midgham Farm site